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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/544,216	08/01/2005	Johan Hendrik Klootwijk	NL03 0089 US	9481	
65913 NXP, B.V.	7590 10/2:	5/2007	EXAMINER		
NXP INTELL	TELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT NADAY, ORI				
M/S41-SJ 1109 MCKAY	, DRIVE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SAN JOSE, C			2811		
		•	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/25/2007	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ip.department.us@nxp.com

	······································	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/544,216	KLOOTWIJK, JOH	AN HENDRIK		
Office Action S	ummary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Ori Nadav	2811			
The MAILING DATE o Period for Reply	f this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ad	dress		
A SHORTENED STATUTOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, - Extensions of time may be available to after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing of the NO period for reply is specified about the set or extension and reply received by the Office later to earned patent term adjustment. See	FROM THE MAILING D under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.7 ng date of this communication. we, the maximum statutory period ded period for reply will, by statute than three months after the mailin	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIST (a) In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) More, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this co ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•					
1) Responsive to commu	nication(s) filed on <u>15 C</u>	October 2007.		•		
2a) This action is FINAL.	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance	with the practice under i	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pe	ending in the application	I .				
,	(s) <u>6-10</u> is/are withdraw					
5) Claim(s) is/are	allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are reje	ected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are	objected to.	•				
8) Claim(s) are su	bject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is obj	ected to by the Examine	er.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on	is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not reque	st that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sh	eet(s) including the correc	tion is required if the drawir	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	R 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration	is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PT	O-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•				
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is ma a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c)	☐ None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
	of the priority document		A			
<u> </u>	•	ts have been received in	· ·	Chama		
••	the International Burea		n received in this National	Stage		
* See the attached details		,	ot received.			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent D			Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date			
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent D 3) Information Disclosure Statement Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	·		Informal Patent Application			

Art Unit: 2811

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of claims 1-5 in the reply filed on 10/15/2007 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that it is not an undue burden to examine two sets of claims, because said claims were previously examined as a whole. This is not found persuasive because the current examiner did not examine both sets of claims as a whole, and it is an undue burden on the examiner to examine two separate and distinct inventions.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The disclosure and the drawings describe three embodiments: the embodiments of figures 1, 2 and 6, respectively. Independent claim 1 reads on the embodiment of figure 6. The additional claimed limitations recited in dependent claims 3 and 4 read on the embodiments of figures 1 and 2. There is no support for a device comprising the limitations recited in claims 1, 3 and 4. Since the embodiment of figure 6 is examined, claims 3 and 4 should be withdrawn from consideration as being related to a different embodiment.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claimed limitation of "characterized in that", as recited in claim 1, is unclear as to which element is "characterized in that".

Claim 5 is rendered indefinite because it fails to further limit the trench isolation structure, recited in claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sugiura et al. (6,150,686).

Regarding claim 1, Sugiura et al. teach in figure 1 and related text trench structure, comprising:

a slab of semiconducting material 11 having a surface and a buried layer 18 which extends parallel to the surface, the buried layer having an upper surface and a lower surface; and

a trench groove extending at least from the surface through the buried layer down to a part of the slab below the buried layer and

the trench groove including a liner 13, 14 of a first insulating material on a wall of the trench groove, and

wherein a remaining part of the trench groove is at least partially filled with a first filler material 15, characterized in that at least in a first part of the trench groove, the liner has a thickness 14 that is substantially in line with the upper and lower surfaces of the buried layer and that is larger than a thickness of the liner 13 in a second part of the trench groove, the second part of the trench groove located below the first part.

Sugiura et al. do not teach using the trench structure as trench isolation structure. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Sugiura et al.'s trench structure as trench isolation structure, in order to use the device in an application which requires trench isolation structure. Note that a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to

patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

Note further that a preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951).

Regarding claims 2, 4 and 5, Sugiura et al. teach in figure 1 and related text a thickness of the liner in the first part of the trench groove is larger than a thickness (zero thickness) of the liner in a third part of the trench groove, the third part of the trench groove located above the first part of the trench groove,

the first part of the trench groove extends substantially in line with the buried layer, and

a semiconductor assembly, comprising a trench isolation structure according to claim 1, and at least one semiconductor device present on the surface of the slab of semiconducting material, wherein the semiconductor device is insulated by means of the trench isolation structure.

Regarding claim 3, Sugiura et al. teach a first part of the trench groove (the thick part of layer 14) is completely filled with the first insulating material.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ori Nadav whose telephone number is 571-272-1660. The examiner can normally be reached between the hours of 7 AM to 4 PM (Eastern Standard Time) Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynne Gurley can be reached on 571-272-4670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

O.N. 10/22/07

ORI NADAV
PRIMARY EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800